

BODYGUARDS FOR T. R. AND BARNES

Plainclothes Men Will Protect Them at the Trial of Their Libel Suit.

LOEB WILL BE A WITNESS

RECAPITULATED, April 17.—S. D. Bowers, son of John M. Bowers, senior counsel for Col. Theodore Roosevelt in the Barnes-Roosevelt libel case, which opens in the Supreme Court here to-morrow morning, was in consultation to-day with Stewart F. Hancock and Oliver D. Burden of this city, who are also attorneys for Col. Roosevelt.

It was announced during the afternoon that George S. Cobb of Watertown, who was majority leader in the Senate during the administration of Gov. Hughes, has been subpoenaed by both Mr. Barnes and Col. Roosevelt. Col. Roosevelt also has issued subpoenas for ex-Senator Harvey D. Hinman of Birmingham and William Loeb, Jr., who was Col. Roosevelt's private secretary when he was President.

William M. Ivins, chief counsel for Mr. Barnes, is still in Albany conferring with his client and other attorneys who will appear in the case. Mr. Barnes and his attorneys are expected to arrive in Syracuse to-morrow afternoon.

Preparations for handling the crowds at the trial were made to-day by Charles J. Clarke, clerk of the court. It is expected that fewer than a dozen outsiders will hear the evidence the first day. Hundreds of requests for seats at the trial are being received to-day.

Col. Roosevelt and Mr. Barnes will have bodyguards of plain clothes men to protect them from crowds.

It was said to-night that the introduction of the "Dear Bill" telegram from Col. Roosevelt to Mr. Barnes will prove one of the sensations of the trial.

BRINGING BACK WOMAN BLAMED IN BANK THEFT

Mrs. Munson Repeats Denial of Part in \$130,000 Robbery

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—Mrs. Lillian Camp Munson of New York, who was arrested here on Saturday charged with complicity in the theft of \$130,000 in cash and securities from the First National Bank of Edgewater, N. J., in connection with the \$130,000 robbery of the bank, was arrested in London in September, left for New York at 5 o'clock this afternoon in the custody of United States Marshal James B. Holahan and a woman guard.

Mrs. Munson reiterated her protestations of innocence and said that she had told everything there was to tell when questioned in the East.

Mrs. Munson is the wife of William R. Munson and lives at 2125 Broadway. While she was still Lillian Camp, she met young Lovell, then a student at Columbia University, and, according to the accusations of the Federal authorities, accompanied him to Buenos Ayres after the looting of the bank. Mrs. Camp returned to New York and her return gave the American Bankers Association the first tip pointing to Lovell's whereabouts. He had gone on to London.

Mrs. Munson is described as a blonde, about 31 or 32 years old, ten years older than Lovell—and unusually attractive.

IRELAND MAY BE CARDINAL

Name Mentioned Again in Connection With May Consistory.

ROME, April 17.—The Vatican is making arrangements for the holding of a consistory, probably on May 10, and it is announced that its purpose will be the appointment of a new cardinal of the Catholic Church, the post having been vacant since the death of Cardinal Anthony Agliardi on March 19.

The opinion is prevalent here that the Pope wishes to create an opportunity to address the world again in his solemn allocution to explain further the Holy See's attitude of neutrality in its efforts to reestablish peace. There is no likelihood at present that any new cardinal will be appointed. If any are created, however, they will probably be from South America, Australia, or even the United States. Archbishop Ireland of the latter country is mentioned.

NO BOND FOR DONN ROBERTS.

He and Other Terre Haute Culprits Still Behind Bars.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 17.—Crawford Fairbanks, the wealthy brewer and Democratic leader, has not come forward to give the heavy bonds required to prevent Mayor Donn Roberts and ten other Terre Haute election fraud manipulators from going to Leavenworth prison pending appeals.

It was said to-day that Circuit Judge 121 Redman and Fairbanks met for a private conversation in the Denison Hotel, where Redman had been taken under guard from his home. After a few minutes talk Fairbanks left the room. Redman spoke to Mrs. Redman soon after and she burst into tears. It is believed the Democratic leader gave the final word that he would not provide bonds.

YOUNG IMPOSTERS AT WORK.

Pretended Solicitors for Newsboys' Club Exposed.

It has been brought to the attention of the campaign committee for the \$250,000 fund for the Newsboys' Club that large numbers of boys are soliciting money on the streets under the pretense that they represent the club.

Wilbur A. Bowen, the campaign manager, has requested THE SUN to warn charitably disposed persons to refrain from responding to the appeals of these young imposters.

"The canvass will begin on May 4," he said yesterday, "and will last ten days. The outlook is extremely encouraging, as a number of prominent men have promised to back us with generous subscriptions. We hope that the results of the early days of the canvass will enable us to push our objective point beyond the \$250,000 originally set as a goal."

New York Alumni Dinner.

The New York University Alumni Association held its annual dinner last night at the Hotel Marlborough, with Crown Prince Albert as guest of honor. Chancellor Elmer E. Brown, Dean Archibald Bouton, Comptroller Frederick, Richard W. Lawrence of the Bronx Board of Trade and Hugo Winter, 39, were the speakers.

HUERTA ASSAILED BY MADERO MINISTERS

Three Brand Ex-Dictator's Vindictory Statement as False.

CALL HIM A TRAITOR

The following statement was issued yesterday by Pedro Lascurain, Minister of Foreign Affairs under the Madero Administration in Mexico: Rafael L. Hernandez, Minister of the Interior, and Ernesto Madero, Minister of Finance, in reply to the vindictory statement of Gen. Victoriano Huerta on Friday last:

"In yesterday's issues of the New York papers there appeared a signed interview with Gen. Victoriano Huerta, in which were contained many false and slanderous statements. As former member of the Government of President Madero, we feel obliged to break our long silence and make the following statements, with the purpose of enlightening public opinion in this country as to the real facts.

"At the time that Huerta treacherously overthrew the Madero Government, Mexico was well nigh pacified. There was only one source of unrest, and that was the civil war started again, and has continued for more than two years, must be attributed to Huerta's usurpation of power.

Say People Backed Madero.

"It is false that Mr. Madero brought on the revolution with the help of thousands of criminals liberated from the jails. As is universally known, the revolution of 1910 was the result of a strong movement of public opinion. The people were weary of thirty-five years of dictatorship and protested against the electoral frauds and the persecutions employed in 1910 by the Government to crush the popular will.

"It is utterly false that Francisco Madero was elected with the help of the national treasury and the bayonets of the bandits. Gen. Huerta contradicted himself by admitting that Mr. Madero was elected by an astonishing majority of votes. It is also false that Mr. Madero was the only candidate for the Presidency; there were other candidates, for instance, Gen. Bernardo Reyes. This man was so unpopular that when he tried to start a revolt against Mr. Madero's government he found no followers.

"In 1911 Mr. Madero was the most popular man in Mexico; he was the idol of the people because he was the only one who had the courage to revolt against the dictatorship, which had ruled for more than thirty years. In a country that had never enjoyed political freedom it was but natural that the masses should turn to the only man who seemed to have the power to bring about a change in the government.

Tell of Almost Complete Peace.

"It is false that the Madero administration annihilated the national union. At the time of the downfall of that administration Mexico was almost at complete peace. Annihilation of our union came as a result of the treason that culminated in Mr. Huerta's rise to power, because honest men who could not approve of such usurpation of the Presidency refused to recognize the usurper and the country was again thrown into unrest.

"It is false that the Madero administration destroyed the credit of the country. During the Madero administration the obligations of the country were promptly paid at their maturity and the parity of exchange was easily maintained. It was only during the administration of the usurper that Mexican public credit began to crumble.

"The statement made by Huerta that the Madero Government prostituted the discipline of the Mexican army is surprising from the lips of the man that as the head of the army committed treason against the Government which appointed him for its defence.

Call 'Intervention' Absurd.

"It is useless to mention the diplomatic or Senatorial intervention that Huerta started, the former toward exacting from Mr. Madero his resignation and the latter toward instructing Huerta to commit the crime and put the heads of the government in jail, because neither diplomats nor Senators had, in accordance with international law or national honor, the right to advise the President to resign or to instruct the chiefs of the army to discharge him. The statement is absurd for its face.

"Regarding the assassination of President Madero—called 'execution' by Huerta in his interview—we only want to tell the attention of the public to these facts: On the day following the murder of President Madero Huerta, through his man, Mr. de la Barra, explained it as the result of a fight between the escort that was taking Mr. Madero to the prison and his own followers who tried to rescue him. Some time after one of the Huerta Ministers, Mr. Lozano, said that the truth was that Mr. Madero had been assassinated by Felix Diaz.

"Now, Huerta, rejecting explicitly both official explanations, speaks of some professional secret that he cannot reveal. We are now compelled to express our profound admiration for the noble reticence which leads Mr. Huerta to endure further undeserved odium for the reputed responsibility for President Madero's death when by only a word he could prove not only his complete innocence, but his heroic greatness. Unfortunately the bond of honor which he says seals his lips makes it impossible until this matter is fully cleared up for the lawabiding and peace loving citizens of Mexico to accept Mr. Huerta as their leader or spokesman.

"As to the eulogies that Mr. Huerta bestows on his own administration, we do not desire to discuss them. We have felt obliged to put forward the truth regarding the time during which we formed a part of the Government of President Madero."

FIFTH AVENUE

floor of about 4,000 feet near

Fifty-third Street—top floor of finest building in the neighborhood. More than \$5,000 recently spent in dividing and equipping

as general offices of large publishing firm. The best light, arrangement and location to be found in New York. Suitable, without

change, for publishers, advertising agents, manufacturer's representatives, architect, engineer or photographer—or as general offices

of almost any line of business.

The present occupants are removing to the West. A sublease

of almost five years, with immediate occupancy, may now be made

on the most favorable terms.

Apply to L. P. GATES, 681 Fifth Avenue.

U. S. ARRANGES TO TAKE FOREIGNERS FROM MEXICO

Continued from First Page.

killed by mutinous soldiers in the command of Gen. Jose Santos.

Gen. Maclovio Herrera first attracted attention outside of Mexico in the spring of 1913, when a body of 400 followers he devoted himself to terrorizing the country near Chihuahua, holding foreigners for ransom and looting villages.

In one of his escapades he entered the camp of the builders of the Concho river dam, and demanded \$25,000 under threat of killing the English engineers in charge. When J. W. Fuller, the manager of the work, refused the money, he was tied to a burro and the animal was about to be sent down the side of a mountain when Fuller's friends gave up \$10,000 and bought off the bandits.

Herrera later became Villa's cavalry leader. Carranza played upon the jealousy of Herrera, promising him Villa's place if Herrera would join the Carranza army. Finally Villa, becoming suspicious of both Herrera and his brother, Luis, executed the latter.

Herrera thereupon threw in his lot with Carranza, taking with him 5,000 men. Gen. Manuel Chao, the Governor of Chihuahua, was sent against him by Villa, but Herrera won Chao over.

In October last Herrera arrived at Jimenez and threatened Villa's communications with the north. On October 18 he attempted to take Parral. Villa, but was driven off. At the head of 1,200 men he renewed the attack on the morning of October 23, but again was repulsed. His scattered forces again were driven back to Jimenez.

Early in November he was reported at Mesa de Sandia on the Parral-Durango railroad and was said to be planning a move to take Sonora.

Gen. Herrera was reported seriously wounded in the capture of Zacatecas in June of last year, but was active again a few months later. He has been described as one of the most daring of the Mexican leaders.

VILLA AWAITS BULLETS.

Also Gathers Reinforcements—Obregon Moves Northward.

EL PASO, April 17.—Hurrying ammunition here from New York and paying \$3,000 a carload expressage up it, Gen. Villa hopes to replenish his supply before the Carranza army of Gen. Obregon can drive his command further northward.

Having admittedly ceased his offensive operations and retired temporarily for lack of ammunition Gen. Villa is bending all his efforts and energies to getting ammunition before the enemy can rally and press forward against him.

Meantime he has called in all his troops at Matamoras, in the State of Tamaulipas, and elsewhere, dropping all other campaigns where possible in order to reinforce his army to the largest possible number of men by the time his ammunition enables him to take the offensive again. A special train has been fired up in the yards in Juarez for several hours, ready to rush the ammunition south. The road has been cleared of all other traffic. It is stated that a carload of ammunition is expected to-night or Sunday.

While Villa is frantically waiting for ammunition and more men Gen. Obregon is making preparations to meet him. Some of his cavalry troops are reported moving north to reinforce the Carranza General at Celaya. It is stated that following the retreat of Villa's troops from Tampico to assist him in the attack upon Celaya Carranza is sending reinforcements to Obregon from the Tampico region, as well as from Vera Cruz.

All indications are that the two largest armies ever gathered under two military commanders in Mexico will face each other when next Gen. Villa considers himself ready for battle.

HUERTA ON EAST SIDE.

Doesn't Like Things He Sees There—Plots a Porpoise.

Gen. Victoriano Huerta admires New York—especially the white light district—but he does not think very much of the East Side. Having escaped from the moment from the press of those who wished to see him, he took a ride yesterday afternoon in a "Seeing New York" automobile from the Ansonia Hotel, where he is stopping, down to the Battery and back again.

He was impressed unfavorably by the bedding and dirty clothes displayed on the fire escape balconies of the East Side.

"I never realized before how clean are we Mexicans," he said emphatically. "We are poor—we are very poor—but —" And his lips closed with an Indian grimace that spoke whole worlds of disapproval.

But if the East Side seemed to him lacking in romance, he found it in full measure in the Aquarium. It was thither that after having admired the harbor view, his indefatigable guide, Abraham Ratner, led him, explaining as they went the various historical interests attached to the old building. But history was to the general who has had his share in making it, the least interest of the Aquarium.

Porpoise Moves Fellow Feeling.

On two subjects most particularly did he show his taste for relaxation into the lax lines of enthusiasm which are so foreign to his general make. In the center of the building is a great pond, fringed with glass walls, in which a porpoise from the Atlantic makes his life, so far as possible, that he is buffeting the long ocean swells. Occasionally he is ecstatically leaping he throws up clouds of foam which overflow the glass screens and fall upon the bystanders. One such incident happened while the ex-dictator of Mexico was inspecting the porpoise hunt. Those he

SAFETY IS PICKED.

Reports in Washington That U. S. Will Back Mexican President.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—The Philadelphia Press under a Washington date will print the following to-morrow morning:

"That Gen. Felipe Angeles will be the next President of Mexico, that he will be supported by the United States Government and all the belligerent factions which have been fighting since the exile of Huerta, is the report current in political circles here to-day. It is given evidence by the diplomatic representatives of the Latin American republics.

"Inquiry at the State Department received a bland non-committal answer to the question whether it was true

that Angeles had been chosen by accredited agents of all the factions now represented in this country. However, according to authentic sources, the information comes that Angeles has been selected and the sanction of the United States is the one thing lacking to put him into office at once.

This selection is looked upon here as a victory in the main for Gen. Villa, as Gen. Angeles is the chief of staff of the revolutionary forces. He is a Mexican of great executive ability and is credited in Mexico with being the real genius who has been directing Villa's campaign against the forces of high birth, splendidly educated and wealthy. He cast his lot with Villa simply because he believed that leader to be the one man among all the various 'datus' who was capable enough to bring finally anything that savored of peaceful conditions.

In connection with the Angeles movement is an interesting situation so far as the present Administration is concerned, say the wisecracks. It seems that when President Wilson took his revolutionary attitude he really did not understand conditions in Mexico. Neither did he understand that Huerta really was backed by the best thought and the real men of the republic.

President Wilson took the attitude, so these reports have it, that Madero was a patriot and Huerta an assassin, but he had a change of views favorable to Huerta when the same information was given him by the same informant.

President Wilson discovered that behind the Madero movement originally were vast American interests. They had provided the money for the Maderista revolution and the President was entirely in the power of these financial interests.

In addition, the Huerta factionists declare, Madero had taken millions from the treasury and the people. Instead of ordering Madero executed, say the exiled President's friends, it would have been to Huerta's advantage to have kept Madero alive. Then President Huerta would have had an opportunity to make Madero disgorge and give back the money he had pilfered from the pockets of the nation.

Matters are expected to move with celerity in the Mexican situation before many days. That the various factional groups are busy has been known in Washington for some time. Since the arrival of the exile Huerta in this country there has been increased activity among the belligerent agents.

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Double Green Trading Stamps in the Forenoon—Single Stamps in the Afternoon

Great Crowds Will Attend These Sales Tomorrow

A series of sales especially important to those who study economy. (And who doesn't?)

We invite YOU—EVERYBODY—to come here at once and share in the extraordinary economies on most desirable Spring merchandise of every description.

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Choice of the Scores of Articles Tomorrow at the Special Price

All first quality goods, as desirable from every standpoint as any you can buy at regular prices.

50 Green Trading Stamps Free with Purchase of \$1 or More

Tuesday, April 20

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

Good Tuesday Only (April 20)

It is good for 50 (FIFTY) GREEN TRADING STAMPS FREE with Purchase of \$1 or more, next Tuesday only, April 20.

These 50 FREE Stamps are of the same kind as those which you would ordinarily obtain with your purchases.

Sun-4-18-15. J. B. GREENHUT CO. 36

Women's and Misses' \$14.75 to \$19.50

Afternoon and Street

Dresses \$12.75

Sale For ONE DAY ONLY. Included are the season's most stunning styles. We mention particularly two models—one for misses, the other for women.

The misses' model is developed of chiffon taffeta, in delightful color, features a new pointed neck, new shapes, collar faced with white faille silk, trim and ornamented with trim and cords of self-material around waistline.

An unusually effective model for women is pictured. Note the new shield front, handsomely trimmed with metallic embroidery; the embroidery net flare collar, the new style skirt, full plaited and strapped at hips, and the girdle with large bow at the back.

Plenty of other styles, with Froon or Bolero Coats; convertible military collar; suspender effects; some hand-embroidered; new shirred and fancy yoke skirts; some with pockets.

Materials are the richest silks the market affords: CREPE METEOR, CREPE DE CHINE, TAFFETA, ALSO COMBINATION STYLES, SHEPHERD CHECK WITH BLACK TAFFETA, CREPE DE CHINE WITH GEORGETTE CREPE, also UNIQUE COLOR COMBINATIONS.

Women's and Misses' \$12.75 and \$14.75

Coats at \$9.75

Swagger models, of which we describe two. The one pictured of shepherd check is a misses' model, cut on youthful lines with novelty collar inlaid with hunter's green silk; wide revers, full belt and flares smartly from waistline.

The other model is a woman's coat of shepherd check, with square collar of faille silk, trimmed with black piped strapping, fancy pockets, turn-back cuffs and buttons. The full ripple back has a plait on each side.

PLENTY OF OTHER STYLES, INTRODUCING MANY SNAPPY NEW FEATURES. Collars of fancy silk; unique yoke effects; various belt styles; new shaped pockets, etc.

Conservative models for those who prefer them are also included. Materials are: POPLINS, SERGES, GABARDINES, COVERT CLOTH, BLACK AND WHITE EFFECTS; small and large CHECKS, AN OVERPLAID, still others unlined.

Sizes for women and misses; also two styles for stout women up to 53 bust measure in specially designed model.

One of the Dresses at \$12.75.

One of the Coats at \$9.75.

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FISTS FLY ON FLOOR OF STOCK EXCHANGE

One Round Battle Ends When Broker Retires With a Black Eye.

Jesse L. Boskowitz, a floor trader of 43 Exchange place, and Joseph H. Sulzbacher of J. H. Sulzbacher & Co., 111 Broadway, engaged in a lively scuffle yesterday morning on the floor of the Stock Exchange in the midst of the most active bull market in years.

Sporting members reported that the fight was a very poor one. It only went one round, and so far as results showed only one blow was struck. This was the opening blow of the encounter, when Jesse L. Boskowitz landed on his fellow broker's eye. At this point both brokers saw the eye of the chairman upon them and remembered that disorderly conduct on the floor is usually met with suspension.

Sulzbacher is reported to have gone away immediately to have his eye attended to. Neither contestant would say anything about the cause of the fight. The gossip on the floor is that there has been a family feud between the two for a long time. Their quarrel at one time was carried into the courts, where Boskowitz was sustained. This success, it is said, rankled in Sulzbacher's breast and he was the habit of whispering unpleasant terms in Boskowitz's ears. He did this yesterday with surprising results.

The rules of the exchange in regard to disorderly conduct are strict. All infractions are reported to the committee on arrangements, which acts upon them at its regular meeting. Yesterday's fracas will be acted upon early next week.

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